

Solid Wire Electrode for Submerged Arc Welding

Classification:

ISO 24598-A -
SFA 5.23 / AWS A5.23 -

S S CrMo2
EB3(R)

Characteristics:

CrMo-alloyed low impurity wire electrode (suitability for step-cooling) for submerged arc welding of heat-resistant steels in boiler and pressure vessel construction as well as pipe manufacture.

Typical analysis and chemical composition acc. to EN ISO 24598-A and AWS A5.23:

Wire electrode	C	Si	Mn	Mo	Ni	Cr	P	S	Others
Typical analysis BA-S1CrMo2	0.10	0.18	0.64	1.02	0.02	2.4	0.008	0.007	Cu total 0.09
S S CrMo2 acc. to ISO 24589-A	0.08-0.15	0.05-0.25	0.30-0.70	0.90-1.15	0.3	2.2-2.8	0.020	0.020	V 0.03 Nb 0.01 Cu 0.3
EB3 acc. to AWS A5.23	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.30	0.40-0.80	0.90-1.10		2.25- 3.00	0.025	0.025	Cu 0.35
EB3R:AS / Sn / Sb 0,005							0.010	0.010	Cu 0.15

Base Materials:

- Heat-resistant steels acc. to EN 10028 and ASTM: 10CrMo9-10/A182-F22/A387 grade 22 Suitable fluxes: BF 10 and BF 16

Flux type suitability is strongly dependent on its application. In combination with the wire electrode the most suitable flux should match the requirements of the plate material as closely as possible under the existing welding conditions. Further information can be obtained from the technical flux data sheets.

Diameter:

2.0 – 5.0 mm; Sizes and tolerances acc. to ISO 544 and AWS A5.23.

Wire electrode surface:

Copper-coated, smooth finish free from surface defects and foreign matter.

Package forms:

Coils, spools, drums and spiders as standard package forms for SAW-wire electrodes, different package forms on request.